**Introduction to Matrices and Linear Algebra Fall 2019**

**Course Syllabus**

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# Catalog Description

# The principal topics of the course include vectors, matrices, determinants, linear transformations, eigenvalues and eigenvectors, and selected applications.

# Schedule

## Lecture/Studio, Room 3-104

Section 01: Mondays 13:50 – 16:25

# Instructors

Prof. Tony Ho tonyho@scu.edu.cn

Teaching Assistant:

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When emailing the instructors, include “MATH” in the subject field of your message. Use your university email account (student\_number@stu.scu.edu.cn); mail from other accounts such as qq.com and 163.com will be stopped by the SCU spam filter.

# Textbook

*Differential Equations with Boundary Value Problems,* 2nd Edition, by John Polking, Al Boggess,and David Arnold (published by Pearson).

We will cover approximately two or three sections per week. Textbook reading assignments will be posted to the class website. Read the assigned chapter BEFORE class.

# Software

We will use a powerful software tool, MATLAB, to perform calculations and draw graphs. MATLAB is installed on the class computers, and you will also need a copy for your own computer.

MATLAB is a potent tool, used worldwide by engineering and science professionals in many fields. The effort you put in to master it will repay you many times over in this class and others. To make learning it easier, there is a wealth of information, examples, and documentation available within the program and on the web. Learn to tap into these resources so you can make the best use of the program.

# Web Site

This course uses the Blackboard system; the web site is

**https://learn.scupi.cn/**

(Note: the **https** is important, otherwise it may not load.) There you will find the course syllabus, studio and homework assignments, and other materials. Current announcements and assignments will be posted on the home page. All assignments will be uploaded through the Blackboard system. Please check the class page frequently.

# Class Format and Studio Assignments

The students often give me an impression, that the reasons we are taking courses at a university, are to learn and to try to get as close to a 4.0 grade point average as we possibly can. Of course, a good grade point average can help us further our career up to a point. Early on, institutions can take a look at our past grade point average to determine whether they would admit us into their institutions or organizations.

But, of what is a good grade point average an indication? One can say that those of us, who have a great grade point average, can learn very well the materials given to us. Is this the ultimate goal of our coming to a university？ To let the world know that we can learn very well the materials given to us? If that is the case, can we see where our world is going? And what do we think how our world sees us? Do we believe that the people of establishments in our world only wish that they can find someone who can learn well and no more than that? Perhaps this is true for a trade like a plumber. But, are we coming to a university because we want to learn a trade?

I would like to supplement the idea of showing the world how good you are at learning. I would also like you to think that coming to a university is to find out what we do not currently know how to do, and we would like you to try to figure out how you may change our world by your imagination and your intelligence. Once you understand the materials given to you, can you imagine something that is far better than anyone has ever thought of before? That is the goal that I would like you to set for yourself. So, during our class, do not be afraid to explore the endless possibilities that are out there in our world. As it is quoted by Shakespeare, “The world is your oyster.” Therefore, let us begin with the famous Daoist-inspired sayings: “I hear, I forget. I see, I remember. I do, I understand.”

# Class Participation

As members of an academic community, all students are expected to actively participate in and contribute to class discussions. You are expected to engage with the class during the lecture/studio time, and to be prepared to think and answer questions on your feet. There is no penalty for not knowing the answer to a question, but you need to be able to "think out loud" and demonstrate the procedure you will follow to arrive at a solution. So, if you're asked a question in class, be prepared to figure out the answer.

You are also expected to follow and critique the presentations of your classmates, and provide useful feedback to them so they can learn from the experience.

**It is imperative that you will spend the class time finding out what you do not understand.** My expectation is that you will ask questions once you find out that you do not understand something. Since there is no way for me to tell whether you are spending time finding out what you do not understand, or whether you even ask questions about what you do not understand, we will, occasionally, give a 10-minute quiz. These quiz scores will count as studio assignments and class participation.

# Presentations

Whenever two or more classmates find it difficult to agree on a solution, you can volunteer to come up to the board to present a solution for which you believe to be correct. Priorities will be given to harder problems and whoever has not volunteered as many times as before.

When you are selected to present, follow these guidelines:

* Introduce yourself.
* Succinctly state the problem and the appropriate definition(s), theorem(s) or principle(s), and etc. you used to solve the problem.
* Describe your solution as if your audience is unfamiliar with the problem.
* Describe how you verified your solution if necessary.
* Speak as LOUDLY and clearly as possible, or use the microphone. The people at the back of the room have to hear and understand every word.

If I do not see that you are working toward a solution, I will ask you to step down.

Following the presentation, however, the entire class will critique your presentation. Five minutes can be allotted for questions and discussions following your presentation, although we may continue past five minutes if necessary. Here are our evaluation criteria: (1) Use of English: 30% (2) Preparation of the presentation: 30%, (3) Correctness: 20%, (4) Time limit: 20%. Good presentations that help more people understand will earn extra credits towards your total score. **Please also make sure to turn in a copy of your presentation on paper afterwards for possible extra credit.**

# Homework Assignments

Homework assignments are most of the exercise problems at the end of each section we cover, and will be assigned every week except the examination weeks. We will begin each lecture by looking at the exercise problems at the end of each section to discover what we can or cannot do yet. Working on homework assignment is the key to get a good grade.

If you believe an error has been made in the grading of an assignment, bring it to either my or your TA's attention within ONE WEEK of its submission.

# Exams and Grading

We are planning on two 145-minute major exams tentative scheduled on October 14 and December 2, and a comprehensive final examination at the end of the semester. Each major exam will be cumulative with more emphasis on the material since the previous test.

Your grade will be based on studio assignments, class participation, and quizzes (30%), major exams (40%), final examination (30%). Here is an example: if a student's scores are: quiz total (80), presentation extra credit (5), exams (70, 80), final (85) , and playing games on phones during class (-10), then the student grade determination is 80 × 30% + 5 + (70+80) × 20% + 85 × 30% - 10 74.5. There is NO makeup for all the quizzes and exams.

The final letter grade is determined from the following table:

|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| A: 90 – 100 | A−: 85 – 89 | B+: 80 – 84 | B: 76 – 79 | B−: 73 – 75 |  |
| C+: 70 – 72 | C: 66 – 69 | C−: 63 – 65 | D+: 61 – 62 | D: 60 | F: < 60 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |

# Office Hours

If you do not understand something, and talking to your classmates does not help, then you should be seeking help from me or your TA. My office is 3-321B.

Office hours are times we have specifically set aside to be available to students. During office hours, you can come to my office; you do not need an appointment. I am usually in my office in the afternoons after 16:45 on Mondays, Wednesdays and Thursdays, or after 10:10 on Tuesdays. I am also available at other times; please email to schedule a time.

# Plagiarism and Academic Misconduct

Collaboration on studio problems and homework assignments is permitted and encouraged. Collaboration on exams is not permitted.

Plagiarism, copying, and any other form of academic misconduct or dishonesty will not be tolerated. Cite all references, including books, technical reports, and web sites you have used. You may discuss the homework with other people currently taking this class, the instructors, and teaching assistants.

Examples of disallowed sources include websites that offer homework help; course documents from previous semesters; people or agencies that do your work for you.

You are not to share materials distributed in class with people outside the University. Uploading of course materials, including homework, handouts, homework and test solutions, etc. to the web is prohibited.

To reiterate: use of homework or test solutions from previous semesters or the web is not allowed. Getting homework help from the instructors and fellow students in the class is okay; looking up things on the Google, Baidu, and the Wikipedia is okay; getting help from websites offering homework help and problem solutions is NOT okay.

If you have any questions about referencing material, or the boundaries of acceptable collaboration, please talk to me.

# Phones and Laptops

Out of respect for your fellow students, please mute and put away your phones, and close your laptops when class begins.

Web surfing, emailing, text messaging, and the like during lecture is distracting to other students and the instructor, and is likely to result in your missing some important information. Don't do it. If caught playing games on phones, we will deduct points.

Although restroom breaks are allowed during exams, you are not allowed to take any phone(s) or laptop(s) with you.

# Other Useful Information

Although there are no formal prerequisites for this class, you are expected to know how, or learn how, to do the following:

* Use an internet browser to find things on the web.
* Use MATLAB to evaluate numerical results, make graphs, and do multistep calculations.
* Open, read, and print Acrobat pdf files.
* Be proficient in basic calculus mathematics, including plane geometry, trigonometry, and algebra.

For most of you, this will be your first introduction to calculus with analytic geometry where, I ask you to take a more active role in learning. In reality, you are not going to have an instructor showing you how to make mathematical calculations all your life. At times, you might not even be able to find a textbook showing you how to solve your problems.

By virtue of your being admitted to SCUPI, we know that you are smart, capable, and hardworking. You may find this course challenging and demanding, and might even wonder if you've made a mistake coming here. Fear not! You will do okay if keep a few things in mind:

* This and other classes at SCUPI are being taught using a Western-style approach. This involves a lot of questioning and interaction with the instructor, probably much more than you are used to.
* It's okay to be frustrated. You will be learning a lot of new things, at a fast pace, in a language you're still getting comfortable with. The best way to learn is to ask lots of questions. If you don't understand something in class, ASK! Remember that if you're unsure about something, there is a good chance that many of the people sitting around you are also unsure.
* Develop a good studying habit. Don't fall behind on your course material.
* When working with equations, use variables to denote the quantities and parameters specific to the problem. Delay substituting numerical values as long as possible; this will make it easier to check your work and find errors.

An important skill to acquire is the art of baloney detection (also known as BS detection). Statements are called baloney (or BS) when they are unsupported by facts, and are often used to deceive unwary people. For example, a salesperson might make unjustified claims regarding the performance of a system or product to make a sale; as a mathematics student, you need to learn how to be skeptical about unsupported claims. To acquire this skill, you need to always be questioning: how do you know a calculation is correct? Do you understand why it is true? Are there counterexamples that show it is not true?

When you get your graded quizzes and exams back, you should go over any problems you did not do well on. Solutions will be distributed, and you may contact me or your teaching assistant if you need help in understanding where you went wrong.

You should be having fun and learning mathematics because figuring out something in mathematics is fun.

# Course Goals

This is an introductory one-semester course sequence in linear algebra. Students will develop a good understanding of matrices. Students will acquire basic skills needed to apply linear algebra techniques to solve a wide range of problems. Students will develop a basic understanding of eigenvalues, eigenvectors, and orthogonality and their applications. Evaluation of students will be determined by in-Class presentation, quizzes, homework and examinations.

**Learning Outcomes for This Course**

Students who complete Math 0280 are expected to have mastered the fundamental ideas of linear algebra and to be able to apply these ideas to a variety of practical problems. More specifically, in Math 0280 you will be expected to:

* explore and learn the core concepts associated with systems of linear equations, manipulation of matrices, linear transformations, orthogonality, and eigenvalues/eigenvectors;
* begin to think abstractly about certain of these topics;
* understand how these ideas can be used to solve problems and compute things.

# Approximate Schedule

Tentative sequence of the sections covered in this class is:

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **Week** | **Contents** | **Descriptions** |
| 1 (9/2) | 1.1 – 1.3 | Geometry and Algebra of Vectors, Dot Product, Lines and Planes |
| 2 (9/9) | 2.1 – 2.3 | Systems of Linear Equations, Direct Method for Solving Linear Systems, Spanning Sets and Linear Independence |
| 3 (9/16) | 2.4 – 3.1 | Applications, Iterative Methods for Solving Linear Systems, Matrices |
| 4 (9/23) | 3.2 – 3.3 | Matrix Operations, Matrix Algebra |
| 6 (10/7) | 3.3 | The Inverse of a Matrix |
| 7 (10/14) |  | Exam 1 |
| 8 (10/21) | 3.4 – 3.5 | LU Factorization, Subspaces, Basis |
| 9 (10/28) | 3.5 – 3.6 | Dimension, and Rank, Linear Transformations |
| 10 (11/4) | 4.1 – 4.2 | Eigenvalues and Eigenvectors, Determinants |
| 11 (11/11) | 4.3 – 4.4 | Eigenvalues and Eigenvectors of Square Matrices, Similarity, Diagonalization |
| 12 (11/18) | 4.5 – 5.1 | Orthogonality, Orthogonal Complements |
| 13 (11/25) | 5.2 – 5.3 | Orthogonal Projections, The Gram-Schmidt Process, QR Factorization |
| 14 (12/2) |  | Exam 2 |
| 15 (12/9) | 5.3 – 5.4 | Orthogonal Diagonalization of Symmetric Matrices |
| 16 (12/16) | 7.2 – 7.3 | Norms and Distance Functions, least Squares Approximation |
| 17 (12/23) | 7.4 | The Singular Value Decomposition |
| 18 (12/30) |  | Final exam |